# Kinco Stepper Driver CM Series User Manual V1.1



Kinco Electric (Shenzhen) Ltd.

To be the partner of your success

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Kinco Electric (Shenzhen) Ltd. Building 1, No.6 Langshan 1st Rd, Hi-tech Park North, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China. (518057) http://www.kinco.cn sales@kinco.cn

### 1. Safety Precautions

- affety Precautions

  Before open the driver's housing, must wait for more than 1
  minute after power off. Make sure the indicator is off or the
  voltage is less than 36VDC, otherwise it will be risk of electric
  shock.

  Never connect wires while the driver and the motor are
  working, otherwise, the electric shock may occur.
- BRETH PRED SERVICE YELD PROBLEM POR SERVICENTY DO NOT
- by a qualified professional is required. п Please take the time to follow the instructions carefully. It will help you set up and operate your system properly and enjoy all of its advanced features. Must be securely grounded with the cross section of the ground cable not less than 1.25 mm2 for drive.
- Provent insert any object into the driver. Any fault occurs to the
- onver, please returner to repart center.
  Opening the driver without authorization or misoperation may GNUSCHERD WILL BE AS FOR Or disposed it following standard of industrial waste.

When this driver is applied in mechanical instruments where personal safety is directly involved, be sure to install proper authorous construction of the constructio

### 2 Product Overview

## 2.1 Product Acceptance

## Table 2-1 Packing list

Packing list				
Item	Qty.			
Driver	1 pcs			
Service guide	1 pcs			
User Manual	1 pcs			
Length 8mm diameter φ1.0mm insulated terminals	6 pcs			
Length 15mm diameter φ1.5mm insulated terminals	6 pcs			

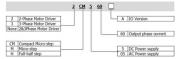


Fig.2-1 Product Model Description

## 2.3 Product Functions

- Motor auto adaptation: When motor parameters detection function is enabled, the driver will automatically detect the electrical parameters of the motor which connected with the driver every time after drive power on, and automatically onver every time after anve power on, and automatically adjust the drive parameters according to the detected motor status to deliver the optimum driving performance. If users don't want to detect motor parameters every time, please disable it according to Table 3-7.
- Phase memory: The driver will keep the phase of the motor in the case of power failure with the motor. It prevents the error caused by motor jitter upon power-on on some application occasions. The kept phase will be lost if the motor is replaced or the motor still rotates after the driver stops.
  - Auto-half current: After the motor stops rotation and locks tight, the driver will reduce the phase current of the motor by a half in 1.5 seconds in order to cut down the heat generated by the motor, theoretically, by 25%.
- the motor, theoretically, by 25%.

  Trail running: If the driver has been set up as this status, it will automatically drive the motor at 80RPM. the output current are the peak value (0.84 for ZCMS52;3A for ZCMS54),3A for ZCMS50,3A for ZCMS60,3A for ZCMS60,3A for ZCMS60,3A for 3CMS60,3A for 3CMS60),and the subdivision setting becomes invalid. This

- function is used to check whether the driver status is normal.

  PLS+DIR and CW/CCW compatible input: The control signal input port of the driver supports "PLS + DIR" control and input port of the driver supports. The driver will generate a slarm if the bus voltage alarm. The driver will generate a supply in time and rebott the driver to clear the alarm. If the over-voltage alarm occurs frequently, it is recommended that the slott, slightege. Per larged down. Over-current alarm: The driver will protection in the case of short-circuit or wrong wiring of the motor, in order to prevent the damage of your driver, please turn off the power supply in time when you find over-current alarm to check the motor wiring if the reason is caused by motor, just need reboot the driver to clear the alarm. Under-voltage alarm: The driver will generate a low-voltage alarm if the DC bus voltage goes below 15 VDC. To clear the slight, reflect, the griver. Overheat alarm: The overheat alarm will temperature reaches 85°C. When the temperature decrease to 70°C, the alarm will be clear after rebooting it.

## 2.4 Scopes of Application

The drivers are applicable to various medium and small automation equipment, including engraving machines, and numerical control machine tools and so on. They are ideal choices for users in search of low vibration, low noise, high accuracy, and high speed.

3. Product Specifications and Installation

### 3.1 Product Specifications

Table 3-1 Electrical specifications

Specification	2CM525	2CM545	2CM560	2CM860	2CM880	3CM880	
Input voltage		24-50VDC		24-70VDC			
Output current(peak , Unit: A)	0.3~ 2.5 200	1~4.5 200	1.8~6 200	1.8~6 200	2.4~8 200	2.4~8 400	
Micro step (Unit : Pulse/rev)	400 25600	400 25600	400  25600	400  25600	400 25600	500  25600	
Control mode	PLS+DIR; CW/CCW						
Innut sinnal	V-II F. 24/DC C 1 010/DC 1210/4/DC						

Control mode	PLS+DIR; CW/CCW
PLS/BIRPRE Output signal	Voltage: 5~24VDC.Current: 8mA@SVDC.12mA@24VDC Effective input signal; >3VD, Invalid input signal: <1,5VDC Max. Frequency for PLS,DIR: 400kHz.Min.pulse width: 1us
FREection	Max.current:100mA. Max. voltage: 30VDC.
	Max. voltage drop: 0.8VDC@100mA
	Over-voltage(>85VDC), under-voltage (<15VDC), over-current,
	overheat (>85°C Temperature of thermistor)

Table 3-2 Operating Environment and Specifications

Cooling metho	od	Nature air cooling
	Operation environment	Avoid the environment with great amount of metallic
Environment	Operation humidity Operation temperature Storage temperature	<85%, RH (non-condensing or water drops) 0°C∼+40°C
	2CM525 & 2CM545	-20°C∼+70°C 250g
Net Weight	2CM560 & 2CM860 2CM880 & 3CM880	253g 330g 333g 118*75.5*25.4mm 118*75.5*34mm
	2CM525 & 2CM545	IP20
Gross Weight	2CM588 & 3CM880 <sup>M860</sup> -2CM525 & 2CM545 -2CM560 & 2CM860	
Dimensions	2CM880 & 3CM880	
Protection Cla	SS	

3.2 Description of Terminals The terminals of the driver are divided into three types: control signal port, motor power cable port, and power supply port. The control

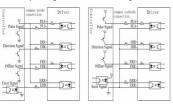
signal port supports differential signal, NPN and PNP. It inbuilt optocoupler isolation for anti-interference in environments. The definitions of the driver ports are detailed below:

-	Table 5-5 Definition of Control Signal Port						
	Signal	Function Description In the PLS+DIR control signal mode, the					
ill	PLS+ (CW+)	signal is the pulse control signal and the rising edge is effective. In the CW/CCW					
1	PLS- (CW-)	control signal mode, the signal is the forward rotation control signal and the rising edge is effective.					
r	DIR+ (CCW+)	In the PLS+DIR control signal mode, the signal is direction control signal, and the driver sets the rotation direction of the					
ill	DIR- (CCW-)	motor by detecting the level of this signal. The signal value of the effective moment in the rising edge of pulse signal. In the CW/CCW control signal mode, the signal is the reverse rotation control signal and the rising edge is effective.					
	FRE+	This signal is offline signal. If the signal is at a high level, the driver turns off the power supply for the motor, and the motor					
	FRE-	rotor turns into Free status (Offline).					
	ERR+ ERR-	Alarm output signal: This signal port is passive optocoupler output port for open collector. When the driver has an exception alarm or power failure alarm, this signal port will not output signal(level determined by the external circuit). Reverse wiring is forbidden, or it will destroy the internal circuit.					

2 phase	3 phase	Function Descriptions
A+	UVW	For 2 phase motor, if swapping the wires of A+/A- or
A-	NC.	B+/B-, it can change the motor direction.
B+		For 3 phase motor, if swapping wires of U,V,W,it can change the motor direction.
B-		
GND		Power supply for driver.
Vdc+		

3.3 Wiring Diagram

- will up long-ain. The input circuits of all control signals of the driver have been reliably isolated by optocoupler elements, which minimize the interference from external electrical noises. If driver work in the strong interference field, advice to use the twisted-pair wiring to reduce the interference signal source.



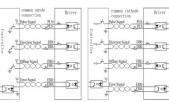


Fig.3-2 wisted-pair Way Control Signal Wiring Diagram

A Precautions on Control Signal:

- In order to avoid disturbance when you connect the driver, please follow the isolated rules both for strong and weak voltage, the distance from the power cable to the motor cables is 10cm at
- obstance from the power cable to the motor cables is 10cm at least.

  International cables for the driver, and the shelding layer be grounded reliably (to the true ground of the driver and equipment). Due to endurance of heavy current, conductors with cross-section no less than 1mm2 are recommended for the motor cabling, or even thicker ones as appropriate. Put an insulated terminal on the Motor cabling, it can reduce the SMMORTH CROSSINGLE (SMEWSANDER) (SMEWS. It is strictly otherwise, it may cause equipment damage and personal injury. Please note that the power cable of the motor still carries heavy current even if the motor is in the locked status.



- Fig.3-3 Control signal sequence diagram

  Precautions on Control Signal

  Direction signal is forbidden to change during the time of
- pulse signal rise.
  FREE signal shall be set up as 1ms earlier than a pulse signal.
  3.5 DIP Switch Settings

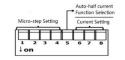


Fig.3-4 DIP Switch Setting

Table 3-5 Micro-step settings (Unit: Pulse/rev)

	3CM880	SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4
200	400	ON	ON	ON	ON
400	500	OFF	ON	ON	ON
800	600	ON	OFF	ON	ON
1600	800	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
3200	1000	ON	ON	OFF	ON
6400	1200	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
12800	2000	ON	OFF	OFF	ON
25600	3000	OFF	OFF	OFF	ON
1000	4000	ON	ON	ON	OFF
2000	5000	OFF	ON	ON	OFF
4000	6000	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
5000	10000	OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
8000	12800	ON	ON	OFF	OFF
10000	20000	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
20000	25600	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF
NA.	NA NA	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF

### Table 3-6 Current Setting (Unit: A)

2CM525		2CM	2CM545		2CM560 2CM860		2CM880 3CM880		SW7	SW8
Peak	RMS	Peak	RMS	Peak	RMS	Peak	RMS	SW6	5117	30
0.3	0.2	1.0	0.7	1.8	1.3	2.4	1.7	OFF	OFF	OFF
0.6	0.4	1.5	1.1	2.4	1.7	3.2	2.3	ON	OFF	OFF
0.8	0.6	2.0	1.4	3.0	2.1	4.0	2.8	OFF	ON	OFF
1.2	0.8	2.5	1.8	3.6	2.5	4.8	3.4	ON	ON	OFF
1.4	1.0	3.0	2.1	4.2	3.0	5.6	4.0	OFF	OFF	ON
1.6	1.1	3.5	2.5	4.8	3.4	6.4	4.5	ON	OFF	ON
2.0	1.4	4.0	2.8	5.4	3.8	7.2	5.1	OFF	ON	ON
2.5	1.8	4.5	3.2	6.0	4.2	8.0	5.7	ON	ON	ON

Table 3-7 DIP Switch Setting					
Function	DIP Switch Setting	Descriptions			
PLS+DIR	SW6,SW7=ON Others are OFF				
CW/CCW Micro-step	SW7,SW8=ON Others are OFF				
smooth(Dynamic) filter disable Micro-step smooth		Set up the DIP switch after driver pow After finishing settings, power on the driver, the indicator of driver will be			
filter enable Others are OFF		"RUN" led is blinking slowly. "ERR" led always on.			
Micro-step dynamic filter enable	Others are OFF				
disable	nSW6,SW7,SW8=ON Others are OFF nSW5.SW6.SW7=ON				
enable Test running	Others are OFF				
SW6,SW8=ON Others are OFF		Motor runs at speed 80RPM.			
Auto-half current \$\times_{\text{S}} = 8\text{NOr}		function, Then when the motor stops for or Setting current. Set It of the disable auto-half current function.			

## Precautions on DIP switch:

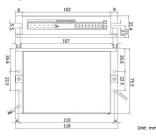
It his yet as PLS at DIR taggere, by default. Micro-step smooth filter will motor smoothly. Disparis filter is improved based on smooth shby-pot-fie-awdingle-to-furfigill-in-incresses joint lines with motor smoothly. Dynamic filter is improved based on smooth filter, it can make motor run more smoothly at low speed (such as 10pm). Micro-step smooth (or dynamic) filter will reduce motor's response speed. If the requirement of the field application about motor response speed is to high as CNC machine, suggested to stop use micro-step filter to short the time of reaching position. Micro-step smooth filter is enable by default. It will Micro-step smooth filter is enable by default. It will sets motor parameters every time when driver power on. If users don't want to test motor parameters every time, they can set SW6, SW7, SW8 as ON and others as OFF when power off, then it will test motor parameters when power on at the first time and store the parameter in memory. After that, it will not test motor parameters again when driver power on.

## 3.6 Mechanical Dimension and Installation Precautions

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Installation Precautions
Recommended that the driver is mounted as side and kept by upright position, in order to maintain the environment as well.
For better heat dissipation, two drivers shall be installed at a clearance of at least 30mm.
With an ingress protection class of IP20, the driver shall be installed in an industry-compliant indoor environment and electrical cabinet or it may cause damage to the driver or personal injury.
Enhanced heat dissipation is required if the driver generates overheat alarms frequently. A fan can be installed in a position close to the driver for forced cooling and heat dissipation, in order to ensure the driver works in an allowable temperature

### range.



## s of 2CM525\_2CM545\_2CM560\_2CM860

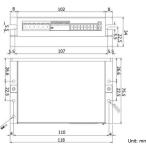


Fig.3-6 Dimensions of 2CM880\_3CM880

### 4.1 Descriptions of Driver Indicators

1.1 Descriptions of Driver Indicators						
Indicator		Alarm	Reason	Solution		
RUN	ERR	Adilli	Nedsori	Solution		
Off	Off	Power	There is no power	Check power supply		
		failure	inside driver			
Off	Blink	Over	1.Motor phase	1.Check motor wiring.		
	quickly	current	wires	<ol><li>Change driver.</li></ol>		
			short circuit.			
			Driver internal			
			problem .			
Blink	Blink	Over	1.Voltage of	<ol> <li>Check power supply.</li> </ol>		
quickly	quickly	voltage	power	<ol><li>2.Add braking</li></ol>		
			supply is too high.	resistance.		
			2.Stop motor in			
			high speed.			
Off	Blink	Overheat	Internal	It needs to add assist		
	slowly		temperature	heat-dissipation when		
			of driver is	environment		
			over 85 °C.	temperature		
				is over 40 °C.		
Off	On	Under	1.Voltage of	Check power supply.		
		voltage	power	2.Decrease acceleration.		
			supply is too low.			
			2.Fast start.			
Blink	On	DIP	DIP switch SW1~	Make sure DIP switch in		
slowly		switch	SW4 are set as	proper position.		
			OFF			

Blink quickly	On	Motor error	Motor is wrong connection or disconnect.	Check the motor wiring.
Blink quickly /slowl y	On	EEPROM Error	Driver failure in reading data from EEPROM	Restart driver.If the problem can not be solved,then change driver.
On	Off	Normal		
Blink slowly	Off	Test running		

Note: Blinking slowly means blinking at 25/time, and blinking quickly means blinking at 0.25/time. Except anxiethment thanking test in names and blinking quickly Except anxiethment thanking test in names and blinking quickly

Except or the normal running, test running mode; the onver-ex-signal will output an effective signal.

If any indication not covered in the above table occurs, please contact Kinco service person. 

### 4.2 FAQ on the Driver and Stepper Motor

4.2 FAQ on the Driver and Stepper Motor

1. What is the max surface temperature for a stepper motor?
The high temperature will demagnetize the magnetic materials of a stepper motor and as the result, cause lower forme or out of step of the motor. Therefore, the max surface temperature of a stepper motor depends on the demagnetization point of different magnetic materials. For the motor as isolated class of B degree, the MAX demagnetization point of magnetic is 130°C, so It's normal if the surface temperature of motor remains at 80°C - 80°C.

2. How to calculate output power of a stepper motor?
The output power varies with the rotation speed and measured by torque. The calculation formula is: P=P=a ★N; ω=2n ★n/50, ω indicates the angular speed, M indicates the output torque to year.

3. How to calculate input power of power supply of the driver?
The input power is consist of its loss and output power, as P=P1+P2, P1 is about several Watt. P2=P3/A,P2 is the output power of driver, and P3 is the output power as P2+P4 is in the power of power proven is consist of its loss and output power of driver, and P3 is the output power of driver, and P3 is the output power of seper motor. A is conversion rate (Approximately 77%), he input power is P=P1+M\*2n\*n(60°77%), n is rotary speed (rpm), M is the output torque of motor (N.M).

4. What is the subdivision function of a driver is a kind of electronic damping technology, Highlight it as 1) enhances the control accuracy due to the subdivision of step angles. 25/budivision is the best method to suppress the low-frequency oscillation of the motor. 3) Can enhance the motor torque to some extent.

5. How to wiring for 4-wires and 8-wires steper motor. (1) Parallel wiring will decrease the inductance of winding, suitable for high speed running, But it's requires the smaller current to reach the target torque. (2) Series wiring will increase the inductance of winding, suitable for low speed running, But it's requires the smaller current to reach the target torque. (2) Series wiri

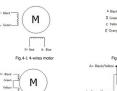




Fig.4-2 8-wires moto Μ \*/White Blue